# **Phased Array&TOFD Probes**



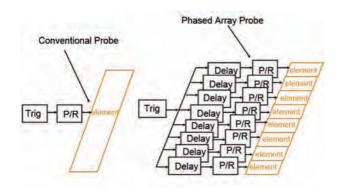


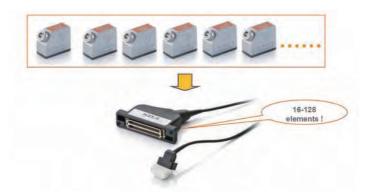






### **Phased Array Probe**





One phased array probe consists of many small elements, each one can be pulsed on separately. The structure of the phased array probe is like putting many single element probes into one probe.

### **Advantage of Phased Array Probe**

#### **Small Size and Multi-channel**

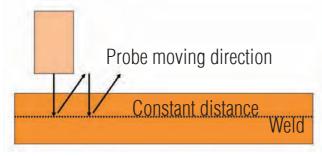
One small phased array probe can take place of multiple conventional probes to access some difficult-to-reach area.



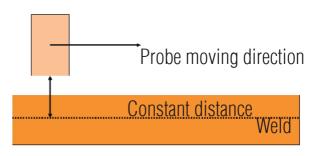
For one phased array probe, multi groups of element and multi angles can be applied for scanning at the same time, fully covering the welding area and enhancing the inspection efficiency.

### **Faster Inspection Efficiency**

Conventional UT adopts the raster scanning achieved by the connection of probe and encoder, which is an order of magnitude slower than the phased array technology with electronic scanning.







Phased Array Probe

#### **Higher Inspection Efficiency**

Conventional probes adopts raster scanning, which is an order of magnitude slower than the phased array technology with electronic scanning.

# SIUI can Provide a Variety of Probes for Different Kinds of Inspections

#### **Custom Phased Array Probes**



SIUI can produce custom phased array probes to suit specific applications and geometries.

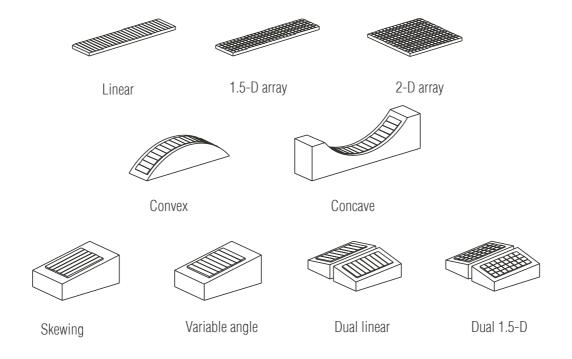
For custom probe, please provide following info:

- Frequency
- Number of elements, pitch and elevation
- Probe type (angle beam, immersion, integrated wedge, matrix)
- Array shape (flat, curve)
- Cable jacket required
- Cable length
- Connector type
- Housing and/or dimension constraints
- Application
- Comparable UT single element transducer

Frequency	Number of		Pit	ch	Active aperture		
MHz	elements		mm		mm		
	X	X Y		Y	Х	Y	
2.0	3	10	5	3	15	30	
5.0	8	8	1	1	8	8	

Custom Matrix Array Probe Specification

# **Standard Phased Array Probes**



#### 

### **For Example**

Frequency
7.5=7.5MHz
Unit: mm
0.5=0.5mm

Array Mode
L=Linear
Unit: mm

**C**=Convex **10**=10mm

**V**=Concave **M**=Matrix

IVI—IVIALITA

**Element Number 128**=128 elements

**Coupling Type** 

N is coupled by wedge. I is coupled by immersion. E is coupled by integrated

wedge.

**Cable Type** P=PVC wrap

Metal armor and radiation proof wrap

can be provided.

**Electric Capacity** 

Electric capacity each meter.

**110**=110pF for one meter;

**50**=50pF for one meter.

Cable Length

Unit: m

**2.0**=2 meters

**Connector Type** 

**T1**= Tyco TC ZIF 260P

P1=Omni Connector

**H1**=Hypertronics

**D1**=DL-156P

**D2**=DL-96P

**D5**=DL-260P

C1=High Density 78 Way D-Type

Other parameters can be added after the model name following the suffix form in "-".



#### **Universal Probes**

# Small/ Medium/ Large-Size & Low Frequency Probes









Small-size Linear Array Probe

Medium-size Linear Array Probe

Large-size Linear Array Probe

Low Frequency Probe

#### **Superior Features:**

Sound Beam angle, focusing and scan step can be electronically controlled;

Wide scan coverage can be achieved by one single probe; Replaceable angle wedge and delay block, with customizable surface curvature;

Array pitch and elevation can be customized.

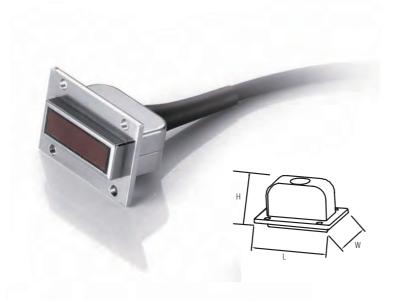
#### **Typical Application**

- Small-size Linear Array Probe
   -good for inspection on limited space;
- Medium-size Linear Array Probe
   --suitable for a wide range of applications;
- Large-size Linear Array Probe
  - --inspections of cracks on plate-type pieces;
- Low Frequency Probe
- --inspection on thick plates or noisy or granular material.

Probe Model	Frequency	Number of	Pitch	Active aperture	Housi	ng Dime (mm)	nsion
	MHz	elements	mm	mm	L	W	Н
		Small-size Linea	r Array Prob	e			
2.5L8-1.0-9	2.5	8	1	8	15	28	28
4.0L16-0.5-9	4	16	0.5	8	15	28	33.5
5.0L16-0.5-9	5	16	0.5	8	15	28	33.5
5.0L16-0.6-10	5	16	0.6	9.6	17	28	33.5
7.5L16-0.5-9	7.5	16	0.5	8	15	28	33.5
10L16-0.5-9	10	16	0.5	8	15	28	33.5
	N	ledium-size Line	ar Array Pro	be			
2.5L16-1.0-10	2.5	16	1	16	28	31	33
5.0L32-0.5-10	5	32	0.5	16	28	31	33
5.0L32-0.6-10	5	32	0.6	19.2	32	31	33
7.5L32-0.5-10	7.5	32	0.5	16	28	31	33
		Large-size Linea	r Array Prob	e			
5.0L64-1.0-10	5	64	1	64	84	36	36
5.0L64-0.5-10	5	64	0.5	32	45	31	33
5.0L64-0.6-10	5	64	0.6	38.4	52	31	33
5.0L128-0.5-10	5	128	0.5	64	84	36	36
7.5L64-1.0-10	7.5	64	1	64	84	36	36
7.5L128-0.5-10	7.5	128	0.5	64	84	36	36
		Low Frequen	cy Probe				
2.0L32-1.0-10	2	32	1	32	45	31	33
1.5L16-2.0-10	1.5	16	2	32	45	31	33

The probes are equipped with standard 2m cable.

#### **Immersion Probes**



# **Immersion Linear Array Probe**

#### **Superior Features:**

Sound Beam angle, focusing and scan step can be electronically controlled;

Wide scan coverage can be achieved by one single probe;

\*Probe size and outer housing can be customized.

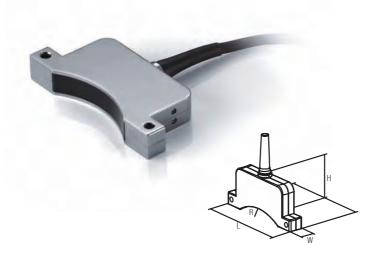
#### **Typical Application:**

Suitable for underwater inspection;

Inspection of thin plate or tubing (steel, aluminum, or other); Composite inspection for delamination;

Inline thickness gaging;

Automated scanning.



### **Immersion Curved Array Probe**

#### **Superior Features:**

Adopt immersion method for inspection;

Sound Beam angle, focusing and scan step can be electronically controlled;

Wide scan coverage can be achieved by one single probe; The curvature radius of curved probes can be customized;

\*Different parameters can be customized.

#### **Typical Application:**

Suitable for underwater inspection;

Inspection of tubing;

Inspection of carbon fiber reinforced polymers (CFRP) corners; Inspection of composite materials for delamination.



Small-size immersion curved array probe



Large-size immersion curved array probe

	Frequency	Number	Pitch	Active
Probe Model		of		aperture
	MHz	elements	mm	mm
	Immersion Li	near Array Probe	;	
5.0L64-0.6-10-l	5	64	0.6	38
5.0L64-1.0-10-l	5	64	1	64
7.5L128-0.39-6-l	7.5	128	0.39	50
7.5L128-0.6-6-I	7.5	128	0.6	76.8
2.0L64-0.6-10-l	2.0	64	0.6	64
	Immersion Cu	ırved Array Probo	e	
3.5V128-0.6-10-R65-I	3.5	128	0.6	/
3.5V64-1.6-12-R65-I	3.5	64	1.6	/
5.0V64-1.0-10-R40-I	5.0	64	1.0	/
10.0V128-0.6-10-R40-I	10.0	128	0.6	/

The probes are equipped with standard 2m cable. Housing dimension can be customized.

# **High Penetration Probe & Small Footprint Probe**



# **High Penetration Probes**

#### **Superior Features:**

Good resolution and high penetration;

Replaceable angle wedge and delay block, with customizable surface curvature;

Array pitch and elevation can be customized.

#### **Typical Application:**

Detection of flaws and sizing; Inspections of defects in forgings; Inspection on noisy or granular material.



# **Small Footprint Probe**

#### **Superior Features:**

Compact size;

Cable connector can come out from either the side or the top; Replaceable angle wedge and delay block, with customizable surface curvature:

Array pitch and elevation can be customized.

#### **Typical Application:**

Inspection on limited space;
Detection of flaws and sizing;
Inspection on reduced probe access, or with surfaces with complex geometry.

Probe Model	Frequency	Number of	Pitch	Active aperture	Housi	ng Dime (mm)	nsion
	MHz	elements	mm	mm	L	W	Н
		High Penetra	tion Probe				
2.5L16-1.2-20	2.5	16	1.2	19.2	40	48	29
5.0L32-0.6-20	5	32	0.6	19.2	40	48	29
		Small Footpr	int Probe				
5.0L10-0.6-6	5	10	0.6	6	13	10	23
7.5L10-0.6-6	7.5	10	0.6	6	13	10	23
10.0L10-0.6-6	10.0	10	0.6	6	13	10	23

The probes are equipped with standard 2m cable.

### **Wedge for Phased Array Probe**

#### **Superior Features:**

Variable angles in steel for selection. Wedges with different specifications can be made.

Compatible with crawler.

Anti-wear structure design are available.

Wedges with curvature can be made on request.



# **For Example**

#### **Active Aperture**

**64**=Compatible phased array probe is 64mm. Active Aperture= Pitch ×

Elements

#### **Probe Mounting**

**N**=Normal

**L**=Skew (in lateral direction)

#### **Refracted Angle in Steel**

**55**=55°

#### **Wave Type**

**S**=Shear wave in steel **L**=longitudinal wave in steel

#### Irrigation

**I**=Irrigation

Note: without "I" is non-irrigation

#### **Curvature Type**

AOD, COD, AID, CID are available.

**AOD**=Axial outside diameter

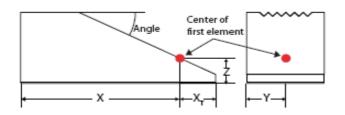
**COD**=Circumferential outside diameter

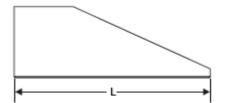
**AID**=Axial inside diameter

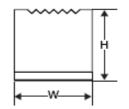
**CID**=Circumferential inside diameter

#### **Pipe Diameter**

Pipe diameter in mm. AOD and COD is the outside diameter. AID and CID is the inside diameter. **80**=80mm







Wedge	Description	Х	XT	Z	Velocity	Refracted	L	W	Н
Model		mm	mm	mm	m/s	Ang	mm	mm	mm
			Standar	d Wedge					
64N00L-20	20mm delay block	73.5	10.5	20	2360	0°	84	35.6	20
64N00L-40	40mm delay block	73.5	10.5	40	2360	0°	84	35.6	40
64N55S	30-70° shear wave angle block	108.67	8.93	14.48	2360	55°	117.6	36	58.5
16N00L-20	20mm delay block	21.75	6.25	20	2360	0°	28	31	20
16N00L-40	40mm delay block	21.75	6.25	40	2360	0°	28	31	40
16N55S	30-70° shear wave angle block	34.94	5.06	9.74	2360	55°	40	31	22.5
8N00L-20	20mm delay block	11.25	3.75	20	2360	0°	15	28	20
8N00L-40	40mm delay block	11.25	3.75	40	2360	0°	15	28	40
8N55S	30-70° shear wave angle block	21.69	3.31	8.4	2360	55°	25	28	15
40N00L-20	20mm delay block	44.9	7.1	20	2360	0°	52	31	20
40N00L-40	40mm delay block	44.9	7.1	40	2360	0°	52	31	40
40N55S	30-70° shear wave angle block	73.24	7.76	13.64	2360	55°	81	31	41.5
32N00L-20	20mm delay block	38	7	20	2360	0°	45	31	20
32N00L-40	40mm delay block	38	7	40	2360	0°	45	31	40
32N55S	30-70° shear wave angle block	64.44	7.56	13.49	2360	55°	72	31	37.5
20N00L-20	20mm delay block	25.3	6.7	20	2360	0°	32	31	20
20N00L-40	40mm delay block	25.3	6.7	40	2360	0°	32	31	40
20N55S	30-70° shear wave angle block	52.58	5.42	18.94	2360	55°	58	31	35.5
10N00L-20	20mm delay block	13	4	20	2360	0°	17	28	20
10N00L-40	40mm delay block	13	4	40	2360	0°	17	28	40
10N55S	30-70° shear wave angle block	27.26	3.24	8.35	2360	55°	30.5	28	17.5

# **High Temperature Wedge**

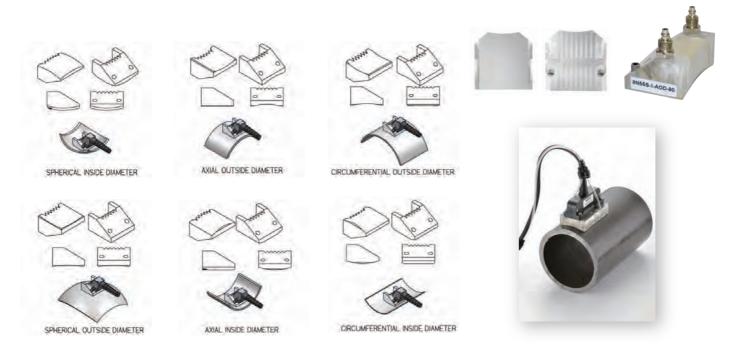
High temperature wedge enables testing on surface up to 200  $^{\circ}\!\!\mathrm{C}$  . Maximum contact time is 10 seconds. Cool to ambient before reuse.



Wedge	Description	Х	XT	Z	Velocity	Refracted	L	W	Н			
Model	Description	mm	mm	mm	m/s	Ang	mm	mm	mm			
	High Temperature Wedge											
64N00L-20-H	20mm Delay Block	73.5	10.5	20	2590	0°	84	35.6	20			
64N00L-40-H	40mm Delay Block	73.5	10.5	40	2590	0°	84	35.6	40			
16N00L-20-H	20mm Delay Block	21.75	6.25	20	2590	0°	28	31	20			
16N00L-40-H	40mm Delay Block	21.75	6.25	40	2590	0°	28	31	40			
8N00L-20-H	20mm Delay Block	11.25	3.75	20	2590	0°	15	28	20			
8N00L-40-H	40mm Delay Block	11.25	3.75	40	2590	0°	15	28	40			
40N00L-20-H	20mm Delay Block	44.9	7.1	20	2590	0°	52	31	20			
40N00L-40-H	40mm Delay Block	44.9	7.1	40	2590	0°	52	31	40			
32N00L-20-H	20mm Delay Block	38	7	20	2590	0°	45	31	20			
32N00L-40-H	40mm Delay Block	38	7	40	2590	0°	45	31	40			
20N00L-20-H	20mm Delay Block	25.3	6.7	20	2590	0°	32	31	20			
20N00L-40-H	40mm Delay Block	25.3	6.7	40	2590	0°	32	31	40			
10N00L-20-H	20mm Delay Block	13	4	20	2590	0°	17	28	20			
10N00L-40-H	40mm Delay Block	13	4	40	2590	0°	17	28	40			

# **Curved Wedge**

All the wedge models available now can be customized with curvature.



# **Irrigation Wedge**

Water is used as couplant; Suitable for automatic inspection. Conventional wedges with surface curvature can be made based on requirement.



Wedge	Description	Х	XT	Z	Velocity	Refracted	L	W	Н
Model	Description	mm	mm	mm	m/s	Ang	mm	mm	mm
	Irrigation Wedge								
8N55S-I	30-70° shear wave angle block	21.69	3.31	8.4	2360	55°	25	39	15
8N00L-20-I	20mm Delay Block	25.25	9.75	20	2360	0°	35	28	20
8N00L-40-I	40mm Delay Block	25.25	9.75	40	2360	0°	35	28	40
16N55S-I	30-70° shear wave angle block	34.94	5.06	9.67	2360	55°	40	43	22.5
16N00L-20-I	20mm Delay Block	43.5	4.5	20	2360	0°	48	31	20
16N00L-40-I	40mm Delay Block	43.5	4.5	40	2360	0°	48	31	40

# **Crawler for Phased Array**

Different crawlers compatible with PA probes can be provided by SIUI.









### **Example of Phased Array Probe Test Report**

Probe:5.0L64-1.0-10 Serial Number:\*\*\*\*\*

# **Probe Information**

Frequency: 5.0MHz
Probe Type: Linear Array
Element Count: 64
Cable Length: 2.0M

### **Active Area Dimension**

Length: 64mm Elevation: 10mm Pitch: 1.0mm

Matching Medium: Rexolite

# **Probe Conformance Summary**

Overall Vp-p Sensitivity: 2.39dB (<=3dB) Average Center Frequency: 5.13MHz(5.0MHz+/-10%) Average -6dB Bandwidth: 78.46%(>=60%)

### **Probe Test Condition**

Instrument Model: 5052UA Pulse Voltage: 120V Pulse Type: Negative Dumping: 50ohm

Energy: 1

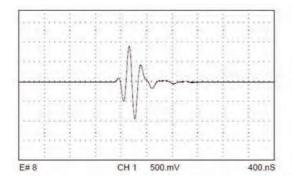
Target Medium: Rexolite Target Type: 25.4mm Plate

#### **Probe Test Result**

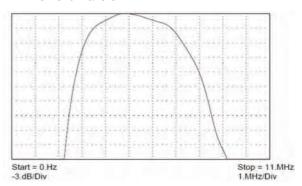
<b>Parameters</b>	Unit	Min	Max	Mean
Peak-Peak Sensitivity	dB	-47.61	-45.22	-46.79
-20dB Pulse Length	nS	582.4	636	605.23
-6dB Center Frequency	MHz	5.07	5.25	5.13
-6dB Bandwidth	%	74.59	80.39	78.46

# **Probe Test Graph**

#### 1. Flement Waveform:



#### 2. Element Waveform FFT:



### **SIUI can Provide**

A series of phased array probes compatible with different phased array flaw detectors; Customization of phased array probes and wedges with different specifications.

### **TOFD Probes**

### **Ordering Information:**

# **T2-12L-UN**

TOFD —

\_\_ Screw Thread Unit:M/ UN - Connector Type: L-LEMO 00,MD-Microdot -----Crystal dimension Ф12



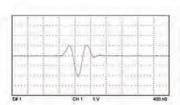


LEMO 00 Connector

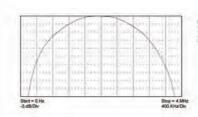
Microdot Connector

Probe	Frequency MHz	Crystal Diameter D1 mm	Max. Pulse Voltage V	Housing Dimension mm	Screw Thread Unit	Compatible Wedge
T2-12L-**	2	12	-800	D2:18 H:32	M:M18x1	TFD Series
T2-14L-**	2	14	-800	D2:18 H:32	UN:11/16-24UNEF	TED Selles

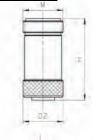
Test Report: T2-14L-M/UN 9mm plexiglass test block











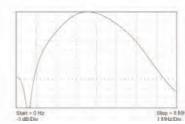


Probe	Frequency	Crystal Diameter D1	Max. Pulse Voltage	Housing Dimension	Screw Thread Unit	Compatible Wedge
	MHz	mm	V	mm	Unit	
T2-10L-**	0	10	000	D2:18		
12-10L-	2	10	-800	H:32		
TO F 101 **	2.5	10	-700	D2:18		
T2.5-10L-**	2.3	10	H:32 M:M18x1	H:32 M:M18x1	TED Corios	
TO E 101 **	9 F	10	700	D2:18	UN:11/16-24UNEF	TFD Series
T3.5-10L-**	3.5	10	-700	H:32		
T5-10L-**	5	10	-500	D2:18		
13-10L-	3	10	-300	H:32		

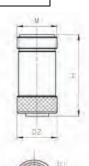
Test Report: T3.5-10L-M/UN 9mm plexiglass test block





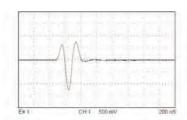




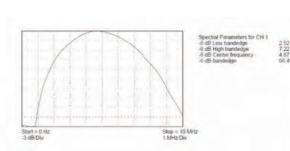


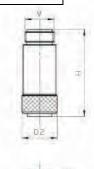
Probe	Frequency	Crystal Diameter D1	Max. Pulse Voltage	Housing Dimension	Screw Thread	Compatible Wedge			
	MHz	mm	V	mm	Unit				
T4-6L-**	4	6	-500	D2:11.5					
14-0L-	4	0	-500	H:28.7					
T5-3L-**	5	3	-500	D2:11.5					
10-5L-	J	J	-300	H:28.7					
T5-6L-**	5	6	-500	D2:11.5	M:M10x1	TFB Series			
13-0L-	J	0	300	-300	-000	-500	H:28.7	UN:3/8-32UNEF	וו ט טלוולט
T7.5-3L-**	7.5	3	-300	D2:11.5					
17.J-JL-	7.5	J	-300	H:28.7					
T7.5-6L-**	7.5	6	-300	D2:11.5					
17.3-0L-	7.3	U	-300	H:28.7					

Test Report: T5-6L-M/UN 9mm plexiglass test block









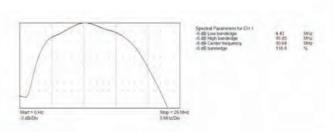


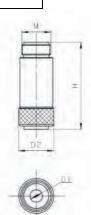
Probe	Frequency MHz	Crystal Diameter D1 mm	Max. Pulse Voltage	Housing Dimension	Screw Thread Unit	Compatible Wedge
T10-3L-**	10	3	-300	D2:11.5 H:28.7		
T10-6L-**	10	6	-300	D2:11.5 H:28.7	M:M10x1 UN:3/8-32UNEF	TFC Series
T15-3L-**	15	3	-200	D2:11.5 H:28.7		

Test Report: T10-3L-M/UN 9mm polystyrene test block









# **SIUI can Provide**

A series of TOFD probes compatible with different TOFD flaw detectors; Customization of TOFD probes and wedges with different specifications.

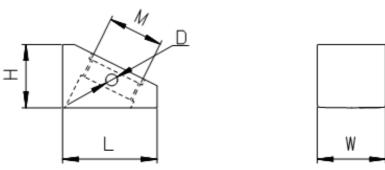
# **Wedge for TOFD Probe**

# **Ordering Information:**



# **Non-irrigation Wedge**

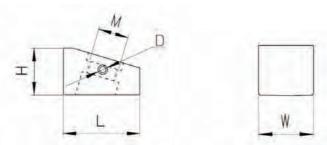




Wedge	Туре	Velocity	Refracted	L	W	H	D	Screw Thread	
Model		m/s	Angle in Steel	mm	mm	mm	mm	Unit	
TFB-45-**		2730	45°	24	16	16	3	MiMiOvi	
TFB-60-**		2730	60°	24	16	16	3	M:M10x1 UN:3/8-32UNEF	
TFB-70-**		2730	70°	24	16	16	3	UIN.3/0-32UINEF	
TFC-45-**	Longitudinal	2360	45°	24	16	14.6	3	MiMiOvi	
TFC-60-**	wave wedge	2360	60°	24	16	14.6	3	M:M10x1 UN:3/8-32UNEF	
TFC-70-**		2360	70°	24	16	14.6	3	UIN.3/0-32UINEF	
TFD-45-**		2730	45°	31	24	21.5	3	M.M.1.Ov.1	
TFD-60-**		2730	60°	31	24	21.5	3	M:M18x1	
TFD-70-**		2730	70°	31	24	21.5	3	UN:11/16-24UNEF	

# **Irrigation Wedge**





Wedge Model	Туре	Velocity	Refracted Angle in Steel	L	W	н	Outer Aperture D	Inner Aperture D	Screw Thread Unit	
Model		m/s	Allyle III Steel	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		
TFB-45-**-I	Longitudinal Wave Wedge	2730	45	20	32	13	6	3	MANAOVA	
TFB-60-**-I		2730	60	20	32	13	6	3	M:M10x1 UN:3/8-32UNEF	
TFB-70-**-I		2730	70	20	32	13	6	3	UIN.3/0-32UINEF	
TFC-45-**-I		2360	45	20	32	12.5	6	3	M:M10x1	
TFC-60-**-I		2360	60	20	32	12.5	6	3		
TFC-70-**-I		2360	70	20	32	12.5	6	3	UN:3/8-32UNEF	
TFD-45-**-I		2730	45	30.5	32	18	6	3	MiMiOvi	
TFD-60-**-I		2730	60	30.5	32	18	6	3	M:M18x1 UN:11/16-24UNEF	
TFD-70-**-I		2730	70	30.5	32	18	6	3		

# **Crawler for TOFD**

Different crawlers compatible with TOFD probes can be provided by SIUI.







#### **TOFD Probe Selection**

(Based on ASTM E2373-04)

Probe selection shall be based on the application requirements. The following tables provide initial recommended probe parameters for specified thickness ranges in ferritic steels. For austenitic or other attenuative materials, nominal frequencies normally need to be reduced and element sizes increased.



Table 1 For Steel Thickness Ranges up to 75 mm (3 in.)

Nominal Wall Thickness	Nominal Frequency	Element Size	Recommended Angles	
mm(in.)	MHz	mm(in.)		
<12 (0.375)	10 to 15	2 to 6 (0.08 to 0.25)	60 to 70°	
12 to < 35 (0.375 to 1.4)	5 to 10	2 to 6 (0.08 to 0.25)	50 to 70°	
35 to < 75 (1.4 to 3)	2 to 5	6 to 12 (0.25 to 0.5)	45 to 65°	

For thickness ranges in steel 75 to 300 mm, the beam divergence from a single element is not likely to provide sufficient intensity for good detection over the entire thickness. For thickness 75 mm (3 in.) and greater (in steel) the examination piece shall be divided into multiple zones. For thickness 75 mm (3 in.) and greater (in steel) and when required in smaller thickness, sensitivity targets shall be placed in a reference block at least at 25% and 75% through thickness in each zone to verify that there is adequate beam coverage for the multiple zone technique used.

Table 2 For Steel Thickness Range 75 mm (3 in.) to 300 mm (12 in.)

Wall Thickness Zone	Nominal Frequency	Element Size	Nominal Angles	
mm(in.)	MHz	mm(in.)		
<35 (0 to 1.4)	5 to 10	2 to 6 (0.08 to 0.25)	50 to 70°	
35 to < 100 (1.4 to 4)	2 to 7.5	6 to 12 (0.25 to 0.5)	45 to 65°	
100 to < 300 (4 to 12)	2 to 7.5	6 to 12 (0.25 to 0.5)	45 to 65°	

On thick sections requiring more than one TOFD pair the lateral wave or back-wall signal may not always be visible. Therefore, provision in the linearizing algorithms must be made to permit inputs of other parameters instead of the lateral and back-wall signal positions. For wall thickness less than 75 mm (3 in.), technique qualifications may require they too be divided into smaller ranges with each range addressed by a dedicated TOFD pair.

